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### **INTRODUCING VALENCIA**

Valencia is the third largest city in Spain and offers tourism for all tastes. The city brings together historical and modern culture. In the old town (El Carmen) you'll find a Gothic cathedral, a modernist food market and a Rococo palace, all within walking distance of each other. It offers history and modernity, nature, delights for the palate and entertainment.



## THE VENUE

### FERIA VALENCIA

GENERAL INFORMATION REACHING THE VENUE



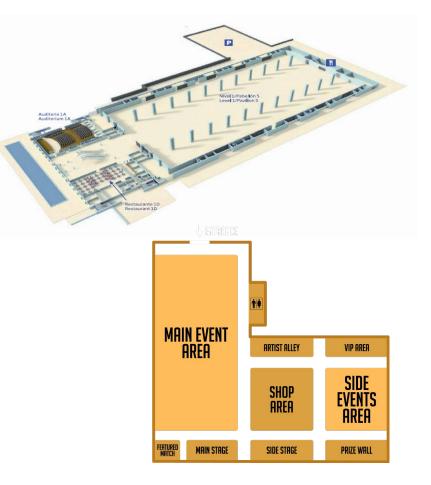
AQACAv. de les Fires 46035 València Spain March 31 - April 2 https://www.feriavalencia.com/

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

LMS Valencia will be held at the **FERIA VALENCIA**. Built over a century ago in 1917, Feria Valencia is the oldest venue in event organizing, as well as the largest exhibition area in Spain and one of the ten largest in the world with a total area of over 230,000 square meters.

Feria Valencia offers the possibility of hosting exhibitions, conventions, congresses, seminars, meetings, concerts and all kinds of events with a capacity of up to 20,000 people and reaching the hundreds of national and international events that attract a million visitors from all corners of the world.

LMS will happen in Pabellon 8 – Entrance "Foro Norte" Link to google maps: <u>https://goo.gl/maps/YGsrMY73XPzk97g88</u>



### **REACHING THE VENUE - FIRA VALENCIA**

**By Metro:** The most convenient way to reach the location from the city, Line 2 (*Llíria-Torrent Avinguda*) stops at Les Carolines - Fira, 600m from Convention & Exhibition Centre. For more informations visit: <u>http://www.metrovalencia.es</u>

**By train:** New Joaquín Sorolla (long distance) train station is 8.5 km (17 minutes) drive from Feria Valencia and Valencia Nord station is 7.4 km (15 minutes). Both stations have taxi stop and are connected between them with a free bus service. The Nord station provides metro, next to the front of the station, where the stop of Xativa (lines 3 and 5) is and in Bailén street stop Bailén (line 5)

**By car/ parking:** Feria Valencia has 4.000 indoor covered parking and 3.000 free outdoor connected with their pavillions. The tarif per minute is 0.03 Euros. The full day rate with advance payment is  $15.30 \in$ , for advance payment it will be required to redeem the ticket for parking in the box early

By Tram: Line 4, from the city to Feria Valencia's main entrance.

**By bus:** Line No. 62 of the EMT Benimamet-Estació Nord. Stops every 10 /15 minutes. More information at <u>http://www.emtvalencia.es/geoportal</u>

## THINGS TO KNOW

**i** GENERAL INFORMATION

#### LANGUAGE

🔮 MONEY

#### 🌧 WEATHER

- ♥ ELECTRICITY AND PLUGS
- 🕐 OTHER INFORMATION



### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Telephone country code: +960

Emergency numbers:

• Call (+960) 112 for **life threatening emergencies** and ask for the police, fire department or ambulance service. This is a EU-wide general emergency number.

Specific numbers are:

- (+960) 085 for **ambulance service**
- <u>(+960)</u> 091/092 for **police**
- <u>(+960)</u> 080 for **fire department**

Time zone during the event: Central European Time (CET), UTC+1 Time and date format: 24-hour clock (0:00 – 23:59), dd/mm/yy (or yyyy)



### LANGUAGE

Two languages are official in the city, Castilian 🗾 (known outside of Spain as simply Spanish) and Valencian.

For example, all the signs in the metro are written in Valencian, with the Castilian translation written on the side. This can be an inconvenience for tourists, since sometimes the names for places and roads do not match the ones indicated in the maps as they are written in different languages.

A high percentage of the population speaks English **k**, especially young people and those working in the tourism sector.



### **USEFUL PHRASES**

#### Do you speak English? Thank you Please You're welcome Can you repeat? What's your name? Yes No Hello, How can I help you? Is the tip included? Excuse me

#### ¿Hablas inglés? Gracias Por favor De nada ¿Puedes repetir? ¿Cómo te llamas? Sí No ¿Hola, como puedo ayudarte? ¿Está incluida la propina?

Disculpe

### **USEFUL PHRASES**

How much does it cost? ¿Cuánto cuesta? I'm sorry Lo siento Can I get on the Internet? ¿Puedo conectarme a Internet? I don't understand No entiendo I don't speak Spanish No hablo español Can you help me? ¿Puedes ayudarme? Where is the bathroom? ¿Dónde está el baño? Can you speak slowly? ¿Puedes hablar más lento?

### NUMBERS

1 \ uno	7 \ siete
$2 \setminus dos$	8 \ ocho
3 \ tres	9 \ nueve
$4 \setminus cuatro$	$10 \setminus diez$
5 \ cinco	100 \ cien
6 \ seis	1000 \ mil



### MONEY

In Valencia the official currency is the euro ( $\in$ ).

It is easy to find cash withdrawal points in shopping centers and shopping areas in the centre.

If you need to change your money into €, you can do it at currency exchange facilities, in numerous banks and in most hotels and travel agencies.







### WEATHER

Valencia enjoys climatic conditions that are among the best in Europe. The climate is mild, typically Mediterranean. The May/June period generally sees temperatures at 20-24°C

Rain is not very frequent.

We recommend dressing in layers and bringing both lighter clothes and long sleeves for the indoor temperature of the venue or in case you want to go out in the evening.

Areas of Spain are suffering severe heat so check before you travel.



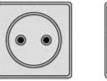
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If your devices are made only for 100V and 127V (such as in the US, Canada and most South American countries) you cannot use them and you will need a voltage converter.

In Spain the power plugs and sockets are of type F which works for both plugs C and E. The standard voltage is 230 V and the standard frequency is 50 Hz.

ELECTRICITY VOLTAGE AND PLUGS





TYPEC







### **OTHER INFORMATION**

Shops and eat in Valencia

The time to eat is usually a little later than in the rest of Europe: breakfast, very similar to the continental one, is served from 7:30 to 10 in the morning. Lunch in the restaurants is served between 2 and 3.30 pm; dinner from 21:00 until 22:30.

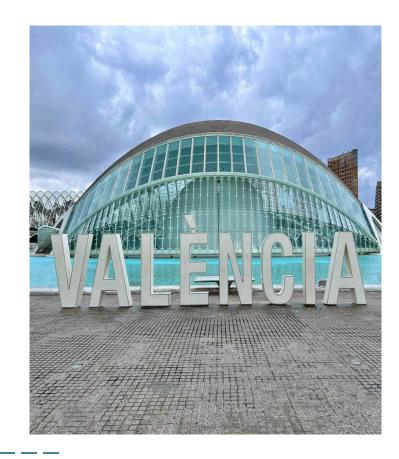
In Valencia you can go shopping every day of the year. Although normal business opening hours are Monday to Saturday, 10:00 to 20:30, shopping malls and shops in tourist areas will be open every day, including Sundays and public holidays.

#### Tap Water

Tap water is 99,5% safe to drink in Valencia.

# ARRIVING TO THE CITY

BY PLANE BY TRAIN AND BUS



### **BY PLANE**



Valencia Airport (**VLC**), commonly known as **Manises Airport**, is the main international and domestic airport serving the city of Valencia and its province in Spain. It is located 8 kilometers (5 miles) west of Valencia city. There are two main ways to reach the city:

**Metro:** There are two underground lines which connecting the airport, the city centre and the port: Line 3 and line 5. The station is at the ground floor of the regional flights terminal. The journey takes around 25 minutes. Tickets:  $\notin$ 4.90 (3.90 +  $\notin$ 1 for the card)

**Aero-Bus:** Every 20 minutes from 6:00 to 22:00, this bus departs towards the city and back again. Ticket prices are 2.50€ per ride and the itinerary is as follows:

Airport departures - Avenida del Cid (opposite to Local Police Office) - Calle Bailen - Calle Angel Guimera (next to Calle Juan Llorens) - Avenida del Cid -Airport departures.



### **BY TRAIN AND BUS**

#### TRAIN

Estación del Norte (North Station) is Valencia's main train station. Trains from all over Spain and the Valencia region begin or end their journeys here. Besides, the North Station is also one of the most famous Modernist buildings in the city.

The North Station has ten platforms operating different lines and types of trains. Here you can find short-distance (known as Cercanías), mid-distance (Media Distancia or MD), and long-distance (Larga Distancia) lines.

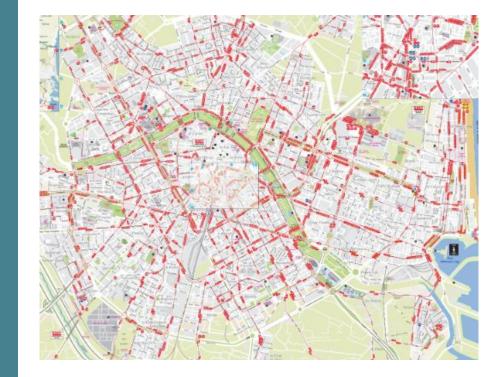
#### BUS

Valencia's main coach station is located to the north of the park that rings the city centre, on the Carre Menendez Pinal. This makes it easy to get into the centre of town, as Turia Metro station is just 5 minutes from the set down point. Buses to Valencia arrive from all corners of Spain and Europe, by several operating companies depending on the origin.



# GETTING AROUND VALENCIA

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION METRO BUS TAXI



### **PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION**



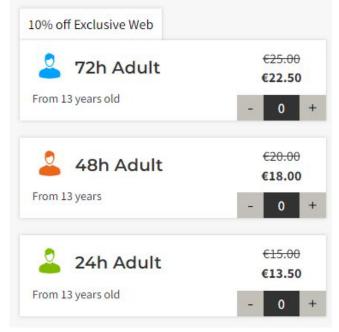
### **PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION**

Although the city's size allows you to get almost everywhere on foot or bike, the city offers 60 bus lines, 5 metro lines and 4 tram lines, as well as 180 metropolitan bus routes and 6 commuter trains to take you wherever you want.

If you have decided to opt for public transport on your visit to Valencia, the Valencia Tourist Card is the most convenient and affordable option. It offers unlimited trips for 24, 48 or 72 hours on any of the city and metropolitan bus lines, metro, tram and commuter trains.

The Valencia Tourist Card includes the Valencia-Airport-Valencia route (metro lines 3 and 5) plus, you get free admission to city museums and monuments, discounts at leading tourist attractions and numerous stores in Valencia, and two tapas with free drinks.

For info: https://www.visitvalencia.com/en/shop/valencia-tourist-card



### METRO

Valencia's metro has six lines and covers a large portion of the city.

There are different tickets available for different time periods. For example, if you are only in Valencia for one day, you will either want to buy a single journey ticket (if you only plan on using public transport once) or a T-1 (which will allow you unlimited access to public transport in the centre of town). If you are staying for a weekend you may want to consider the T-2 or T-3 (like the T-1, but for two or three days respectively). If you are coming to Valencia for a longer period you may wish to consider the Bonometro (valid for ten journeys) or the TAT if you will be in Valencia for a whole month (see below for more details). These are all ways of saving money, rather than just buying individual tickets.

More info at: https://www.metrovalencia.es/en/tickets/



Billete Sencillo	This ticket is valid for one journey only (normally within only Zone A unless you specify otherwise). You should use this ticket straight after purchasing it.
Billete Ida y Vuelte	This is a return ticket (normally for within only Zone A unless you specify otherwise). The first journey should be used straight after you have bought the ticket. The second journey can be used up until 23:59 the day after the first journey was used.
Bonometro	Ticket that is valid for 10 journeys (within the chosen zones).
TAT (Tarjeta de Abono Temporal)	This is a pass that lasts for 30 days. It offers unlimited journeys for 30 days from the date that the first journey is taken (within the chosen zones). The ticket is also valid for the bus and the tram.
TAT Jove	This is the same as the TAT (see above) but is for people who have a student card called the Carnet Jove - this is unlikely to apply to you if you are visiting from outside of Spain. See prices section for discount offered. The ticket is also valid for the bus and the tram.
TAT Gent Major mensual	This is the same as the TAT (see above) but for people who are aged 65 and over . See prices section for discount offered
TAT Anual	This is a pass that lasts for 365 days. It offers unlimited journeys for 365 days from the date that the first journey is taken (within the chosen zones).

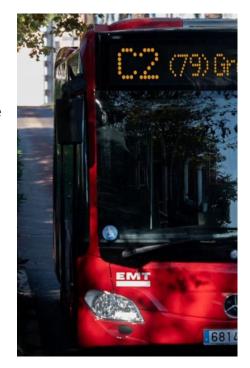


### BUS

If you have not purchased a Valencia Tourist Card, you can buy a single ticket (1.5 euros) when boarding the bus or through the EMTicket app, a bus pass for  $\in 10.50$  ( $\in 8.50 + \in 2$  for the card), or the SUMA card for 10 trips on urban and intercity buses, metro, tram and suburban trains for  $\in 10$  ( $\in 8 + \in 2$  for the card). Both cards have to be activated when boarding the bus. In Valencia, the buses run from 6:00 to 22:00, when the night bus service begins Average wait time is 12 minutes. Stops with a shelter have a panel informing passengers of the wait time for the next bus.

The bus pass can be purchased at tobacconists, kiosks and EMT customer service offices, and it can be reloaded online at <u>www.emtvalencia.es</u> and in the EMTValencia app. Each pass is valid for one hour and allows unlimited transfers between EMT buses.

The SUMA10 card can be purchased at the ticket offices and self-serve machines in Metrovalencia and Renfe Cercanías stations, in kiosks, tobacconists and other usual points of sale of the ATMV sales network, and it can be reloaded through the RecargaSUMA app. Each trip is valid for 90 minutes. Transfers are only allowed within the same zone or for 110 minutes if traveling in different zones.



### TAXI



The convenience of taking a taxi allows you to travel efficiently from one part of Valencia to another, given that it is a well-connected city with little traffic. Taxis in the city of Valencia are white and are available 24 hours a day. They may be reserved by telephone or via the Internet. The airport taxi rank is situated in Terminal 1 Arrivals. Taxi rates are always the same across official companies and must be made visible to the public. Rates vary according to zone (urban zone 1, urban zone 2, interurban) and time of day (prices rise at night). The total price of journey must be displayed on the taximeter and invoice receipts may be requested. The majority of taxis also carry a chip and pin machine, allowing passengers to pay by credit card.

**Tele Taxi Valencia** Carrer dels Fusters, 3 Tel: + 34 963 571 3 13 <u>https://teletaxivalencia.com/?lang=en</u>

Free Now App is active in Valencia, you can download the app and easily book your taxi at: <u>https://www.free-now.com/ie/download-app-qr-code</u>

FREENOW

La superapp de movilidad



# TOURIST ATTRACTIONS

Ciudad de las Artes y las Ciencias Valencia Cathedral Museum of Fine Arts Lonja de la Seda Barrio del Carmen The Central Market Turia Gardens (Jardins del Turia)



### Ciudad de las Artes y las Ciencias

**Opening hours:** everyday from 10:00 to 19:00.

The "City of Arts and Sciences" is a mandatory visit for anyone visiting Valencia. The work of the Valencian architect Santiago Calatrava it has various buildings that have become symbols of the city. It is a scientific and cultural complex to visit with family or friends that today occupies about two kilometers.

To access the Hemisfèric, the "Museo de las Ciencias" and the Oceanogràfic you need tickets that you can buy separately or together, depending on the buildings that interest you the most.

More info about tickets:

https://www.visitvalencia.com/en/valencia-tourist-card

**How to get there:** Buses 19, 35, 95 and 40, or Metro lines 3 or 5 Alameda stop plus a 10 minutes walk)





### Valencia Cathedral

#### **Opening Mon-Fri:**10:30 to 18:00 **Sat:** 10:30 17:00 **Sun**: 14:00 to 17:00

Built in the thirteenth century, the Cathedral stands in a place considered "sacred" in which a Roman temple had already arisen before and a Muslim mosque after that. The visit should start from the Miguelete, the tower that overlooks the Cathedral, which offers a panoramic view of the entire historic centre. This church claims to hold the original Holy Grail: the very Chalice that Jesus allegedly used at the Last Supper. Another of the jewels of the Cathedral are the Renaissance frescoes of the High Altar, rediscovered by chance 10 years ago.

Tickets are 8 euros per person and allow access to the Cathedral, the Chapel of the Holy Grail and the Miguelete tower.

**How to get there:** Plaça Reina, in the center of Valencia. Closest Metro stop is Colón.

hours:



### **Museum of Fine Arts**

Opening hours: Tuesday to Sunday 10:00 to 20:00

The museum collects works from the 1400s and 1500s, by great local artists such as Joaquín Sorolla but also by "more famous" names such as Goya, Velazquez, El Greco and Murillo and some Italians (Pinturicchio, Andrea del Sarto) and even Van Dyck.

The collection is completed by an archaeological collection (Bocairent's Lion), sculptures, architectural fragments and also a collection of contemporary art.

Free entry

**How to get there:** Buses: 6, 11, 16, 26, C2, 94 and 95 / about 10 minutes walk from the Cathedral crossing the Trinitat Bridge.



### Lonja de la Seda

#### **Opening hours:**

Tue-Sat 9:15 to 14:00 and 17:00 to 21:00. Sun 9:00 to 14:00

The Lonja de la Seda (Silk Market) was born as an emblem of the golden age of Valencia, it was the center of commercial and cultural activities in the early 16th century. In 1996 it was declared a World Heritage Site by Unesco, as one of the most beautiful and best preserved examples of late Gothic architecture in Europe. La Lonja is now the seat of the Cultural Academy of Valencia, often hosting exhibitions.

Tickets are about 2 euros

**How to get there:** Carrer de la Llotja. The closest metro stop is Àngel Guimerà.





### Barrio del Carmen

Barrio del Carmen, throughout its millenary history, has performed various functions: from a refuge to barracks to a place of prostitution to the center of the medieval aristocracy up to being a working-class neighborhood in 1900.

Today it is one of the busiest places in the city, both day and night. In the morning it is the place for shopping, among alternative shops and ateliers of major brands. At night it is the favorite place for young people who come to relax after a day of study or work, entertaining themselves in the various cafes that populate the neighborhood.





### **The Central Market**

**Opening hours:** Monday to Saturday from 7:30 to 15:00

Opposite the magnificent building of the Lonja stands a steel structure, with stained glass windows and hand-painted ceramics on the facade: it is the Central Market, with its nearly 1,000 stalls of fresh produce. The Market is divided into two parts: on one side the fruit and vegetables, coming from the Valencian huerta; on the other, meat, among which Salamanca hams excel, and fish, with stalls offering real 'cascades' of shellfish. The Market is one of the obligatory stops to decide what to buy in Valencia as a souvenir.

**How to get there:** walk in the Plaza Ciudad de Brujas. The closest metro stop is Line 2 Àngel Guimerà.



### Jardins del Turia (Turia Gardens )

After the last flood of the Turia river in 1957, the authorities decided to divert the course of the river, and where its bed used to be, the Turia Gardens now stand: an oasis of greenery and peace in the heart of the city.

Here you can spend some of your free time among pines, oleanders and palm trees. The main attraction of the park is a monumental sculpture of Gulliver, 70 meters long, inspired by the character of Jonathan Swift. Ramps, slides and ladders allow the "Lilliputians" (ie you) to walk on the giant's body.

Always open!

**How to get there:** Metro lines 3,5,7,9. Buses 6, 11, 16, 26, 28, 79, 94, 95.



## SPECIAL EVENTS IN THE WEEKEND OF THE LMS

Etnomusic

Apollo 11 Exhibition



### Etnomusic

WHERE: Carrer de la Corona, 36 WHEN: 5 May 2023 - 10 June 2023

Etnomusic is a festival of local and global folk music. The whole month, L'ETNO - the Valencia Museum of Ethnology - will be transformed into a stage where groups such as Ataxia, Besarabaia and Momi Maiga will liven up spring evenings with their unique music.

In addition to the concerts in the museum, the program also includes the "Etnomusic Perifèric", which will showcase new musical formats such as N3rdistan and Maui, and the "Etnomusic als pobles", which brings a taste of this festival to other municipalities in the province of Valencia. MORE INFO: <u>https://tinyurl.com/etnomusic</u>



### **Apollo 11 Exhibition**



WHEN: Ongoing, until June 11<sup>th</sup> WHERE: CAIXAFORUM, Ciutat de les Arts i les Ciències, C/Eduardo Primo Yúfera, 1A

You can now enjoy the exhibit "Apollo 11. The arrival of man on the Moon" in CaixaForum Valencia!

It recalls mankind's exploits in space until the day of our greatest achievement: setting foot on the Moon. And of course, it also considers everything that famous phrase "That's one small step for (a) man, one giant leap for mankind" has left in our society.

MORE INFO:<u>https://tinyurl.com/apollovalencia</u>

# WHAT NOT TO MISS IN THE CITY

Shopping in Valencia Food and Restaurants Valencia by Night



# Shopping in Valencia

#### Plaza Redonda

Designed by Salvador Escrig Melchor in 1840, the Plaza Redonda is, thanks to the uniqueness of its construction, one of the most peculiar tourist attractions of Valencia. Renovated in 2012, today it represents one of the most enchanting corners of the city. It is surrounded by traditional craft shops and bars where you can taste fantastic tapas; the tourist offer is completed by stalls offering lace, embroidery, canvas and Valencian souvenirs, as well as many other products.

CalledelasCestasThe "Calle de las Cestas" is located in the heart of the city of Valencia and was<br/>formerly one of the commercial streets of the city because of all the wickerwork<br/>baskets artisans congregated in the 40-50s. This street is crammed with<br/>establishments where you can find hand-made wickerwork or leather goods.





# Shopping in Valencia

#### Poeta Querol

This characteristic area brings together the most exclusive shops in the city, with internationally renowned brands and Spanish luxury and artisanal brands.

#### Colón e Eixample

Eixample is the quintessential bourgeois residential district of Valencia. Its avenidas - including the Gran Via - are the favorite destination for shopaholics but in recent years the neighborhood has also become the most vibrant and innovative in terms of food and wine. The symbol is the Mercado de Cólon, a magnificent modernist structure that houses a wide range of cafés and restaurants. Those looking for a less touristy alternative to the very central Barrio del Carmen will love the bohemian and multicultural atmosphere of the Ruzafa barrio (within the Eixample perimeter).





### Food and Restaurants - Paella



One of the most well-known Spanish dishes abroad, paella hails from Valencia. Some paella purists even argue it should only be eaten in Valencia, not in the rest of Spain! Traditional Valencian paella includes chicken, rabbit and local white beans called *garrafó*. But today, seafood, vegetarian and "mixed" paellas, containing both meat and fish, are also popular. Other typical additions include artichokes, lobster and even snails! And of course, the best paella always has a layer of crispy rice along the bottom, known as *socarrat*.

Where to find: Restaurante Levante, AV. DE MANUEL DE FALLA, 12 http://www.restaurantelevante.com/

# Food and Restaurants - All i pebre

This delicacy is a favorite among *valencianos*, and after trying it we're sure you'll see why. *All i pebre* is a stew containing chunks of eel and potatoes simmered to perfection in a sauce that includes garlic, paprika and almonds.

Not as well known outside the region as other typical food from Valencia, this hearty meal is one of the locals' best-kept secrets and a true gastronomic hidden gem.

Where to find:

La Pepica, http://lapepica.com/en/ Avenida

Neptuno,



### Food and Restaurants - Arròs a banda



*Valencianos* sure love their rice, and *arròs a banda* is one of their all-time favorites.

But just to be clear: Don't confuse this typical food from Valencia with paella! In fact, this dish originated in nearby Alicante, where fishermen would use their unsold fish to make the stock used in cooking the rice.

Curiously enough, the rice and seafood are traditionally served separately in *arròs a banda*: first comes the fish, then the rice is served as a second course and topped with a dollop of *alioli* (garlic mayonnaise).

Where to find: La Riuà, Carrer del Mar, 27 https://lariua.com/

#### Food and Restaurants - Esgarraet

Although most Spanish food fans don't usually consider tapas a typical food from Valencia, *esgarraet* is an exception to the rule. This tasty tapa includes strips of *bacalao* (salted codfish) and roasted red peppers, both of which are cut into fine strips. It's usually swimming in good-quality olive oil with plenty of bread on the side to soak up the hearty juices.

Where to find: Casa Roberto, Maestro Gozalbo 19 http://casaroberto.es/



### Food and Restaurants - Bunyols



Don't forget to save room for dessert! *Bunyols* are yummy fritters containing a touch of pumpkin in the dough. Valencians usually snack on them during the famous *Las Fallas* festival in March, but we recommend enjoying them any time of year! This delicious snack is one of our favorite typical foods from Valencia.

Where to find: Casa Carmela, Carrer d'Isabel de Villena, 155. <u>https://www.casa-carmela.com</u>

## **Other Suggested Restaurants near the Venue**

#### Flor de Azahar

Av. de les Fires, 2 (inside the venue)

**Opening hours**: Sunday-Thursday (12-23), Friday-Saturday (12-00)

A local cuisine restaurant situated inside the venue, you can decide to eat there or take away. Very well reviewed on google.



### Other Suggested restaurants near the Venue

**Cafeteria Restaurante "EL PARQUE" (Benimanet)** Carrer de Joaquín Marín, 12 (4 minutes walk from the venue)

**Opening hours: Tue, Wed, Thu, Sun** 08:00-15:30, **Fri** (08:00-15:30, 20:00-23:00), **Sat** (09:00-15:30, 20:00-23:00)

A cafeteria restaurant in a familiar and comfortable place, a complete menu of various traditional dishes, generous portions and tasty food at an affordable price. Good attention of the staff.

For more information: <u>https://tinyurl.com/elparquemenu</u>





# Valencia by Night - El Carmen neighbourhood

Right in the historic centre, the area of el Carmen is the liveliest. We recommend sitting at a terrace in Plaza Negrita, el Tossal or el Doctor Collado to spend the evening clinking glasses or walking around the back streets until you find the perfect place to have some tapas. Other typical things to do in el Carmen include drinking Agua de Valencia in Café de las Horas bar, listening to live jazz in the Jimmy Glass bar or dancing until the morning at Radio City.



# Valencia by Night - Ruzafa neighbourhood

The area of Ruzafa, in L'Eixample, is the most alternative of the city. Here, you can mix with the most modern Valencians in restaurants like Canalla Bistró, Dos Estaciones or Nozomi Sushi Bar. Are you looking for culture? Explore the interesting alternative cultural route in Ruzafa at the Ubik book shop or the Espai Tactel gallery. If what you want is to dance, great music awaits you in the small bars or clubs such as Oven and Play.



# Valencia by Night - Marina de Valencia

The Marina is an eclectic zone that is especially lively during the summer months.

The Marina Beach Club, with a swimming pool right by the sea, is the place to be seen. The Fábrica de Hielo is a place to have a drink in a more relaxed atmosphere. If you want to let yourself go more, then the La 3 club on Avenida Blasco Ibáñez is for you.



# Valencia by Night - Benimaclet

With a more subdued atmosphere than El Carmen, Benimaclet is very popular among university students who gather in the late-night cafés to chat and listen to good live music.

The small La Gramola is an easy-going place, where you can eat something while attending concerts by local groups and comedy shows. Kaf Cafe is another small venue where creativity reigns, with open-mic nights, acoustic concerts and poetry readings. El Glop is one of the oldest clubs in the neighborhood and fills up every night with grunge concerts and beer at very affordable prices

